# Making Proud Choices!



# **GRANTEE GUIDE**

# AN ADAPTATION FOR YOUTH IN OUT-OF-HOME CARE



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# Module By Module Outline

Module 1: Setting the Stage and Making Your Dreams Come True	Time
Activity A: Welcome and Program Overview	5 min
Activity B: Creating a Group Contract	•••••••10 min
Activity C: Talking Circle	••••• •15 min
Activity D: <i>Making Proud Choices!</i> Brainstorm	5 min
Activity E: Brainstorming about Teens and Sex	10 min
Activity F: Goals and Dreams Timeline	
Activity G: Brainstorming Obstacles to Your Goals and Dreams	10 min
Module 2: Relationships and the Consequences of Sex	Time
Activity A: Myths and Facts about Pregnancy and STDs	15 min
Activity B: Tanisha & Shay DVD	<u>2</u> 5 min
Activity C: Alicia's Story	••••• •15 min
Activity D: Healthy Relationships	20 min
Module 3: The Consequences of Sex: Pregnancy	Time
Activity A: Birth Control Methods Demonstration	
Activity B: Myths and Facts about Birth Control	20 min
Activity C: Agree/Disagree - Attitudes about Contraception	20 min
Module 4: The Consequences of Sex: STDs	Time
Activity A: STD Facts and <i>The Subject Is: STDs</i> DVD	
Activity B: The Transmission Game	••••• •15 min
Activity C: Agree or Disagree - Attitudes about HIV/AIDS and Safer Sex	10 min
Activity D: Condom Use Skills	20 min

Aodule 5: The Consequences of Sex: HIV Infection Time
Activity A: Discussing HIV and AIDS15 min
Activity B: The Subject Is: HIV DVD and Discussion25 min
Activity C: HIV Jeopardy15 min
Activity D: Risk Continuum20 min
Nodule 6: Attitudes and Beliefs about HIV/AIDS and Condom Use Time
Activity A: <i>The Hard Way</i> DVD and Discussion45 min
Activity B: Calling Koko30 min
Nodule 7: Sexuality 411 Time
Activity A: Is Sexting OK?25
Activity B: Myths and Facts about Sexuality30
Activity C: Family Feud20
Nodule 8: Strategies for Preventing HIV Infection: Stop, Think and Act Time
Module 8: Strategies for Preventing HIV Infection: Stop, Think and Act         Time
Module 8: Strategies for Preventing HIV Infection: Stop, Think and Act       Time         Activity A: STOP, THINK, AND ACT: Introduction to Problem-Solving       5         Activity B: Sean and Morgan Case Study:       5
Module 8: Strategies for Preventing HIV Infection: Stop, Think and Act       Time         Activity A: STOP, THINK, AND ACT: Introduction to Problem-Solving       5         Activity B: Sean and Morgan Case Study:       20
Activity A: STOP, THINK, AND ACT: Introduction to Problem-Solving       5         Activity B: Sean and Morgan Case Study:       20         Problem-Solving using STOP, THINK, AND ACT       20         Activity C: Nicole's Choice DVD and Discussion       30
Activity A: STOP, THINK, AND ACT: Introduction to Problem-SolvingTimeActivity B: Sean and Morgan Case Study: Problem-Solving using STOP, THINK, AND ACT20Activity C: Nicole's Choice DVD and Discussion30Activity D: The Making Proud Choices! Basketball Game20
Activity A: STOP, THINK, AND ACT: Introduction to Problem-Solving       Time         Activity B: Sean and Morgan Case Study:       20         Problem-Solving using STOP, THINK, AND ACT       20         Activity C: Nicole's Choice DVD and Discussion       30         Activity D: The Making Proud Choices! Basketball Game       20         Module 9: Developing Condom Use and Negotiation Skills
Addule 8: Strategies for Preventing HIV Infection: Stop, Think and Act       Time         Activity A: STOP, THINK, AND ACT: Introduction to Problem-Solving       5         Activity B: Sean and Morgan Case Study:       20         Problem-Solving using STOP, THINK, AND ACT       20         Activity C: Nicole's Choice DVD and Discussion       30         Activity D: The Making Proud Choices! Basketball Game       20         Module 9: Developing Condom Use and Negotiation Skills       20         Activity A. Condom Line-Up       10
Module 8: Strategies for Preventing HIV Infection: Stop, Think and ActTimeActivity A: STOP, THINK, AND ACT: Introduction to Problem-Solving5Activity B: Sean and Morgan Case Study: Problem-Solving using STOP, THINK, AND ACT20Activity C: Nicole's Choice DVD and Discussion30Activity D: The Making Proud Choices! Basketball Game20Module 9: Developing Condom Use and Negotiation Skills10Activity A. Condom Line-Up10Activity B. Barriers to Condom Use/Excuses and Responses10

## Module 10: Enhancing Refusal and Negotiation Skills

Activity A. Safer Sex Negotiation Skills and <i>Wrap It Up</i> DVD	<b>2</b> 0
Activity B. Practicing and Enhancing Negotiation Skills: Unscripted Role-Plays	<b>3</b> 5
Activity C. Talking to Your Partner about Safer Sex Information Review	<b>1</b> 0
Activity D. Talking Circle	<b>1</b> 0

# **Module Goals and Objectives**

## Module 1: Setting the Stage and Making Your Dreams Come True

#### Goals

The goals of this module are to:

- Provide participants with an overview of the program.
- Increase participants' personal investment and comfort in participating in the program.
- Increase participants' ability to identify realistic goals for their future.
- Increase participants' confidence about making proud and responsible choices to protect themselves and their community from pregnancy, STDs, and HIV/AIDS.

## Learning Objectives

After completing this module, participants will be able to:

- Identify several rules for group participation that will facilitate discussion and learning.
- Identify what it means to be proud and responsible.
- Describe the benefits of proud and responsible behavior.
- Identify at least two reasons why teens have sex, the consequences of sex, and strategies for reducing those consequences.
- Describe at least one goal they wish to achieve in the future.
- Identify barriers to achieving their personal goals and strategies for overcoming them.

## Module 2: Relationships and the Consequences of Sex

#### Goals

The goals of this module are to:

- Increase participants' understanding of pregnancy and STDs as consequences of sexual intercourse.
- Increase participants' understanding of the consequences of teen pregnancy.
- Increase participants' perception that they are vulnerable to getting pregnant or getting someone pregnant.
- Increase participants' understanding of the characteristics of healthy relationships.
- Increase participants' perception that healthy sexual decisions are made in the context of healthy relationships.

## **Learning Objectives**

After completing this module, participants will be able to:

- Distinguish myths from facts about pregnancy and STDs.
- Identify the consequences of teen pregnancy.
- Identify at least three characteristics of healthy relationships.

## Module 3: The Consequences of Sex: Pregnancy

#### Goals

The goals of this module are to:

- Increase participants' understanding of pregnancy as a consequence of sex.
- Increase participants' knowledge of various types of contraceptive methods.
- Explore participants' attitudes about using birth control methods.

## **Learning Objectives**

After completing this module, participants will be able to:

- Identify specific birth control methods that may be used to prevent pregnancy.
- Distinguish myths from facts about birth control.

## Module 4: The Consequences of Sex: STDs

## Goals

The goals of this module are to:

- Increase participants' knowledge of sexually transmitted diseases.
- Help participants identify strategies for preventing STDs.
- Increase participants' perceived vulnerability to STDs.
- Clarify participants' attitudes and beliefs about STDs and condom use.
- Teach participants the steps for correct use of a condom.

## Learning Objectives

After completing this module, participants will be able to:

- Identify the signs and symptoms of the most common STDs.
- Identify how STDs, including HIV/AIDS, are transmitted, and how they can be prevented.
- Acknowledge their perceived risk for sexually transmitted diseases.
- Demonstrate steps for correct use of a condom.
- Identify how condoms can prevent STDs, including HIV, and pregnancy.
- Demonstrate how to make a dental dam out of a condom.
- Identify how condoms and dental dams can prevent STDs, including HIV.

## Module 5: The Consequences of Sex: HIV Infection

## Goals

The goals of this module are to:

- Increase participants' knowledge about HIV/AIDS and HIV risk-associated behavior.
- Help participants identify behaviors that place people at risk for contracting sexually transmitted diseases, including HIV infection.

## **Learning Objectives**

After completing this module, participants will be able to:

- Identify the basic facts about HIV and AIDS.
- Distinguish myths from facts about HIV and AIDS.
- Identify a person's risk of HIV infection as a result of engaging in various sexual and non-sexual behaviors.
- Identify which behaviors are low risk and no risk for contracting HIV infection.
- Identify how HIV infection can be prevented.

## Module 6: Attitudes and Beliefs about HIV and Condom Use

## Goals

The goals of this module are to:

- Increase participants' perceived vulnerability to HIV.
- Confront stereotypes about who becomes infected with HIV and learn more about how people can and cannot become infected.
- Reinforce knowledge about HIV and AIDS.
- Weaken negative beliefs and attitudes that foster risky sexual behaviors.

## **Learning Objectives**

After completing this module, participants will be able to:

- Identify their attitudes toward risky sexual behavior.
- Problem-solve for risky sexual behavior situations.
- Recall correct information about HIV/AIDS.
- Advocate and give advice regarding safer sex strategies.

## Module 7: Sexuality 411

## Goals

The goals of this module are to:

- Increase participants' knowledge of sexuality topics of specific interest to youth in care: sexting, Internet sexuality information, masturbation, consent, etc.
- Provide a forum where youth can ask questions and exchange ideas about these topics.

## Learning Objectives

After completing this module, participants will be able to:

- Identify the negative outcomes that can result from sexting.
- Recall correct information about sexuality topics such as sexting and masturbation.

## Module 8: Strategies for Preventing HIV Infection: Stop, Think and Act

## Goals

The goals of this module are to:

- Introduce participants to a problem-solving method to help think through and cope with sexual choices.
- Review and reinforce the information learned during the whole program

## **Learning Objectives**

After completing this module, participants will be able to:

- State and explain the three steps of the problem-solving model.
- State how using problem-solving steps can help avoid risky situations.
- Explain how making their own decisions makes it more likely that they will achieve their goals and dreams.
- Provide correct answers to review questions on all program content.

## Module 9: Developing Condom Use and Negotiation Skills

## Goals

The goals of this module are to:

- Increase participants' understanding of barriers to condom use and increase their strategies for reducing those barriers, including how to make condom use fun and pleasurable.
- Increase the participants' communication and negotiation skills so that they can negotiate condom use with a sexual partner.
- Enhance participants' ability to resist situations that place them at risk for HIV/STD infection and pregnancy.

## **Learning Objectives**

After completing this module, participants will be able to:

- List the correct steps to using a condom.
- Identify barriers to using condoms and practicing other safer sex behaviors.
- Identify strategies for implementing condom use.
- Identify ways to make condoms a more pleasurable part of the sexual experience.
- Demonstrate the ability to respond to excuses a partner may give with statements in support of condom use.
- Identify strategies for negotiating condom use with their partners.

## Module 10: Enhancing Refusal and Negotiation Skills

## Goals

The goals of this module are to:

- Increase participants' communication and negotiation skills regarding safer sex.
- Enhance participants' ability to resist situations that increase their risk for unplanned pregnancy and STDs or HIV infection.

## **Learning Objectives**

After completing this module, participants will be able to:

- Demonstrate body language and strategies for saying no effectively to unprotected sex.
- Identify strategies for negotiating safer sex with a sexual partner.
- Demonstrate the ability to negotiate condom use with a partner.
- Express pride about sticking to decisions that can help them to achieve their goals.

# Core Elements, Key Characteristics & Logic Model

## **Core Elements:**

Core Elements are the components of a curriculum that represent its theory and logic. They must be maintained with fidelity and without alteration in order to ensure the program's effectiveness. Fidelity means conducting a program by following the Core Elements, protocols, procedures, and content set by the research study that determined the program's effectiveness.

The developers have reasoned that when teaching adolescents strategies to practice abstinence and reduce their risk for HIV, STDs and pregnancy, one must go beyond simply giving students correct information. Instructors must also build students' perception of vulnerability and bolster positive attitudes and outcome expectancies while building self-efficacy and skills to negotiate and practice abstinence. As such, the Core Elements have been organized into two sections: Content Core Elements and Implementation Core Elements. Content Core Elements are the essential ingredients in what is being taught in the intervention that is believed to change risk behaviors. Implementation Core Elements are the essential ingredients in how the intervention can be implemented with a fidelity that would result in a positive learning experience with good outcomes. Here is a comprehensive list of these elements:

## **Content Core Elements**

**Content Core Element 1:** Teach correct information about HIV, STDs and pregnancy and prevention strategies, including:

- HIV, etiology, transmission and prevention.
- STDs, etiology, types, transmission and prevention.
- Pregnancy and prevention.
- Prevention strategies negotiation, condom use, problem solving.

Content Core Element 2: Address behavioral attitudes/outcome expectancies:

• Prevention Belief: Abstinence can eliminate the risk of HIV, STDs and pregnancy.

- Goals and Dreams Beliefs: Sexual involvement might interfere with one's goals and dreams for education and a career.
- Partner Reaction Belief: One's partner would not approve of using condoms and react negatively to it.
- Hedonistic Belief: Condoms interfere with sexual pleasure, aren't natural, ruin the mood, don't fit, etc.
- Personal Vulnerability to HIV, STD and Pregnancy Belief: HIV, STD and pregnancy could happen to them if they have sex.

Content Core Element 3: Build negotiation skills and problem-solving skills:

- Teach negotiation, refusal and reframing skills using the 4-step S.T.O.P.
   Technique to respond to a partner's negative reaction towards abstinence or condom use.
- Use role-playing activities to practice negotiation, refusal and reframing skills.
- Build participants' skills in problem solving and getting out of risky situations.
- Demonstrate have the participants practice correct condom usage skills using anatomically correct penis models (or a similar type model).

**Content Core Element 4:** Build self-efficacy in adolescents and a desire to practice abstinence:

- Incorporate the theme "Making Proud Choices! Be Proud! Be Responsible!" throughout the intervention.
- Build participants' confidence in their skills by incorporating positive reinforcement, support and constructive feedback in all intervention activities, especially in the role-plays and in practicing condom use.

#### **Implementation Core Elements**

Implementation Core Elements are integral to the intervention. They describe how the intervention should be implemented.

**Implementation Core Element 1:** To demonstrate a caring and supportive attitude, the facilitator:

- Must create a supportive and caring environment.
- Demonstrate empathy throughout the intervention. Students must understand that instructors truly care about them and their success. Active listening, eye contact, supportive feedback, refusing to pass judgmental, etc. are all essential ingredients for this process.

**Implementation Core Element 2:** Integrate and use the core intervention materials only:

- The Facilitator Curriculum Manual, posters and activity materials.
- The DVDs specifically selected for intervention.

Implementation Core Element 3: Type of facilitator must:

- Be specially trained health educators, teen pregnancy prevention and HIV/STD educators or staff working with youth in out-of-home care settings.
- · Use highly participatory and interactive skills
- Be able to work with youth, relate to them and their life circumstances and believe in the youth and in their resilience

Implementation Core Element 4: Implementation delivery style:

- Delivery of intervention must be highly participatory and very interactive
- Facilitator cannot add any other educational materials, social gatherings, community events, etc to this program during the span of the intervention and evaluation

## **Key Characteristics:**

Key Characteristics are activities and delivery methods for conducting a program that, while considered of great value and assistance, can be altered without changing the effectiveness of the program. These activities and delivery methods can be modified for different agencies and populations.

Changes to the Key Characteristics allow your agency to make accommodations to meet the needs of your participants. Adaptations to this program should only occur when steps can be taken to enhance the delivery of the program to the participants.

## <u>There are 8 Key Characteristics of the Making Proud Choices! For Youth in Out-of-</u> <u>Home Care Intervention:</u>

- 1. Type of facilitator/educator: In the original study, the facilitators were community leaders, counselors and teachers. You may vary your facilitator type to include others such as health educators, nurses, etc. as long as they have experience working with teens.
- 2. Setting: In the original study, the intervention was implemented in schools on Saturday. Likely settings for the adapted intervention include independent living, transitional planning and community youth organizations. It is also possible to conduct the program in juvenile justice settings, etc.
- 3. Number of days to deliver modules: Ideally, implementation should be as concentrated as possible and completed in no more than five weeks total. You can use a five-day format(two modules per day) or a five-week format(two modules per week). Some agencies have even been able to implement the curriculum in three days or one weekend at a fun retreat setting, but that format would only work with lots of time built in for recreation. When the program stretches beyond five weeks, it's challenging(but not impossible) to maintain attendance.
- **4. Gender composition of the group:** In the original study, the groups were mixed with boys and girls. You can vary this and deliver it with boys only, girls only or with mixed gender groups.
- **5. Race of facilitator:** In the study, the facilitators were African American adults. You can use facilitators from different ethnic backgrounds as long as they demonstrate that they have the skills and characteristics of a good facilitator, including good listening skills, a caring attitude, are non-judgmental, etc.
- **6. Race of the participants:** In the original study, the participants were African American teens. You can vary this and use this curriculum with teens from different races. You might want to change the names of the teens in the

role-plays and the settings of the situations to be culturally and ethnically appropriate/relevant.

- 7. Age of the participants: The curriculum is designed for two age groups: younger teens ages 12-14 and older teens ages 15-18. The two age groups or developmental levels should not be mixed.
- 8. Group size: The curriculum should be conducted in small groups of 6-12 participants. Additional times and facilitators should be considered for larger groups. Groups with fewer than six participants are problematic because it's more challenging to conduct interactive activities.

## **IMPLEMENTATION FIDELITY CONCERNS:**

If you still have concerns about implementing with fidelity for this grant or wish to discuss your application in detail please contact Select Media (www.selectmedia.org) at 1-800-707-6334, or contact the Director of Training and Technical Assistance, Mika Keegstra, MPH at mika@selectmedia.org.

## LOGIC MODEL

#### Issue/Problem

Having unprotected sex due to:

- Limited information
- Negative attitudes and beliefs regarding abstinence
- Minimal negotiation and refusal skills
- Low self-efficacy or lack of confidence to negotiate abstinence
- Minimal problem solving skills

#### Inputs

- Making Proud Choices! For Youth in Out-of-Home Care curriculum and materials
- Facilitator training and materials
- Participant recruitment
- Agency space

#### **Activities**

- Provide activities that will increase knowledge about HIV and STD transmission and pregnancy prevention strategies
- View videos
- Provide opportunity to negotiate condoms
- Provide activities demonstrating condom use
- Facilitate activities that build confidence and self-efficacy to negotiate condoms
- Provide activities that encourage proud and responsible behaviors
- Facilitate activities that build skills in problem solving and how to get out of risky situations
- Create a caring and trusting atmosphere within group setting
- Facilitate referrals

#### <u>Outputs</u>

- *Making Proud Choices! For Youth in Out-of-Home Care* curriculum implemented with fidelity
- Videos viewed
- · Abstinence, negotiation and refusal skills discussed
- Negotiation and refusal skills practiced, using role-plays
- · Problem-solving skills and how to get out of risky situations
- Referrals made

#### Immediate Outcomes

- Increased knowledge about HIV and STD infection, transmission, unplanned pregnancy and condom use
- Increased perception of risk for HIV, STD and unplanned pregnancy
- Bolstered positive attitudes and beliefs regarding condom use and condom negotiation
- Increased intentions to use condoms, consistently and correctly

#### Intermediate Outcomes

- Improved negotiation skills
- Reduction in the incidence of unprotected sex
- Increased consistent and correct condom use
- · Increased confidence to use condoms

#### Long Term Outcomes

- Consistent condom use
- Reduction in risky behavior
- Reduction of unprotected sex

#### Impact

- Reduction in HIV and STDs among adolescents
- Reduction of unplanned pregnancy among adolescents

#### Assumptions

Adolescents may not practice safer-sex because they:

- Don't perceive themselves to be at-risk
- Don't have knowledge about HIV/STD transmission, unplanned pregnancy, risk behaviors and condom use
- Have negative attitudes towards using condoms
- Fear their partner's reaction to condom use
- Don't know how to make condoms fun and pleasurable
- Don't have the skills to negotiate condom use
- Don't have the confidence or power to introduce condoms into the relationship
- Don't feel valued

Adolescents will change their behavior if:

- Program and messages targeted for them are specific
- Program is implemented in a caring and supportive manner
- They can learn the skills needed, i.e., condom use and negotiation skills
- They have positive attitudes and beliefs towards condom use, i.e., condoms can be fun and pleasurable
- They feel that their partner will react positively to condom use
- They feel that condom use will prevent HIV/STD transmission and unplanned pregnancy
- · They feel valued and believe in themselves and their skills
- They have opportunity to practice these skills with supportive feedback

# Sample of Program Monitoring and Evaluation with Smart Objectives

Monitoring and evaluation often begins with the identification of program objectives. It is a good idea to write SMART process and outcome objectives for your evaluation program. To be SMART, these objectives must be Specific, Measurable, Appropriate, Realistic, and Time-Based.

•	Specific:	Identifies concrete events or actions that will take place; answers the question, "Does the objective clearly specify what will be accomplished?"
•	Measurable:	Quantifies resources, activities, or changes; answers the question, "Does the objective state how much is to be delivered or how much change is expected?"
•	Appropriate:	Logically relates the overall problem statement and desired effects of the program; answers the question, "Does the objective make sense in terms of what the program is attempting to accomplish?"
•	Realistic:	Provides an attainable action that can be achieved with available resources and plans for implementation; answers the question, "Is the objective achievable given available resources and experience?"
•	Time-Based:	Specifies the time within which the objective will be achieved; answers the question, "Does the objective specify when desired results will be achieved?"

You can refer to the following table to develop SMART objectives for your fundamental questions.

## **SMART Process Objectives:**

These objectives address what processes or activities need to take place before HIV prevention outcome objectives can be met. The activities identified in the logic model in the previous section can be used to identify variables for SMART process objectives. SMART process objectives identify specific activities to be completed by specific dates, such as the number of teens to recruit with the characteristics of the adolescents in the target population or the use of skilled facilitators to implement group sessions.

Question	Monitoring and evaluation activity	How answers can be used to improve the program			
		Recruitment			
How many participants did we plan to recruit? <sup>1</sup>	n/a	Pre-Implementation planning data SMART Objectives			
How many participants did we actually recruit? <sup>2</sup>	Process monitoring	Recruitment plan Number of participants recruited documented by	Data can be used to strengthen recruitment efforts and inform more accurate planning.		
Was there a difference?	Process evaluation	session sign-in sheets Comparison between planned and actual numbers of recruits	accurate planning.		
	Та	rget Population			
What are the characteristics of our target population (e.g., race, ethnicity, age, behaviors, and risk factors)?	n/a	Pre-Implementation planning data Logic model's problem statement Participants' demographics and risk factors collected	Data can be used to target recruitment activities and		
What were the characteristics of the participants?	Process monitoring	with a youth intake form Comparison between the characteristics of	provide evidence of prevention needs for additional at-risk		
Was there a difference?	Process evaluation	the characteristics of participants you planned to recruit and the characteristics of the actual participants.	populations.		

Question	Monitoring and evaluation activity	Sources of information about the question	How answers can be used to improve the program	
	Part	icipant Retention		
How many participants did we think would complete all sessions? What actually happened?	n/a Process monitoring	Pre-Implementation planning data SMART objectives Sign-in sheets from each session	Data can be used to strengthen recruitment efforts inform agency policies on use of incentives, and foster discussion of	
Was there aProcessdifference?evaluation		Comparison between planned and actual participation	strategies for teen engagement.	
	Fidelity	of Implementation	T	
Was the program carried out in accordance with the Implementation Manual and with fidelity to core elements?	Process monitoring and process evaluation (also referred to as quality assurance)	Fidelity checklists on required activities and core elements Quality assurance plan Notes from facilitators Notes from persons who observed the program	Completed fidelity checklists and other sources of information can indicate whether the evidence- based program was implemented properly and can be used to understance subsequent outcome monitoring data.	

Question	Monitoring and evaluation activity	Sources of information about the question	How answers can be used to improve the program					
Outcomes								
What outcomes did we expect participants to achieve?	n/a	Monitoring and evaluation						
What outcomes did participants actually experience?	Outcome monitoring		Positive outcomes can be used to					
Was there a difference?	Assessment of pre- and post- test data	<ul> <li>plan</li> <li>SMART objectives</li> <li>Data that measure mediating variables and variables for behavior change collected with a pre-and post-test instrument</li> <li>Comparison between planned outcomes and actual outcomes measured with outcome monitoring instruments/ tools</li> </ul>	show intervention success Post-test data that reveal unwanted outcomes can indicate that changes are needed in either program design or delivery or both.					

## **Pre-Questionnaire**

#### Date: \_

(7-14)

The questions in this booklet are about things related to your health, as well as general questions about your background. Some questions ask about what you know; others ask your opinion on things; and others ask about things you may or may not have done. There is always an answer that lets you tell us when you have not done things, as well as when you have done them. Knowing what you have not done is just as important as knowing what you have done.

Some of the questions are very personal and ask about different sexual activities that some people do. These particular questions are very blunt and to the point—questions you probably have never seen on a questionnaire before. Most of the questions are not like this, however. If a question bothers you so much that you do not want to answer it, you can skip that question and continue with the questionnaire. We warn you about the questions that are personal and blunt so that you will not be surprised when you see them. Please answer all of the questions honestly. Your answers will be kept completely confidential; no one from your school or home will ever see your answers. Please work by yourself, and do not talk with others while you are answering the questions.

IMPORTANT! WRITE YOUR CODE NUMBER HERE:						(1-4)
						LINE (5)
Time Started	d:					
Time Finishe	ed:		<u>.</u>			
	Asst. Reqd.?	Circle:	(1) none	(2) low	(3) high	(6)
	PLEASE PRINT THE	FOLLOWING	SENTENCE	ON THE LIN	E BELOW:	
	"The quick	brown fox ju	umps over tl	ne lazy dog		

## A. BACKGROUND INFORMATION

We would like some general inform the kinds of peopl	ation about you, like y e who answered these	-		e can de	escribe
1. How old are you? years					(16-17)
2. What is your gender?		□ Male		Female	(18)
3. Are you now in school?		1 🗆	No	🗆 Yes	(19)
If NO, what was the last grade	you completed?				(20-21)
If YES, what grade are you in n	ow?				(22-23)
4. Are you Black/African American?		1 🗆	No	🗆 Yes	(24)
5. Are you Hispanic/Latino?		1 🗆	No	🗆 Yes	(25)
6. If you are Hispanic/Latino, are you:					(26)
🗆 I am not Hispanic/Latino	🗆 Mexican				
🗆 Puerto Rican	South American				
Dominican	Central American				
🗆 Cuban	□ Other (Specify count	ry:			)
7. Are you White?		1 🗆	No	🗆 Yes	(27)
8. Are you Caribbean/West Indian?		1 🗆	No	🗆 Yes	(28)
9. Are you American Indian or Alaskar	Native?	1 🗆	No	🗆 Yes	(29)
10. Are your parents married to each	other now?	1 🗆	No	🗆 Yes	(30)
11. Were your parents ever married to	each other?	1 🗆	No	🗆 Yes	(31)
12. Are your parents married, but curr	ently separated?	1 🗆	No	🗆 Yes	(32)
13. Does your mother work?		1 🗆	No	🗆 Yes	(33)
14. Does your father work?		1 🗆	No	🗆 Yes	(34)
15. Did your mother finish high schoo	I? □ No □ \	∕es □ [	Do no	ot know	(35)
16. Did your father finish high school?		∕es □ [	Do no	ot know	(36)

#### 17. Do you live with your mother?

 $\Box$  Yes, all or most of the time.

 $\Box$  Yes, some of the time.

 $\Box$  No, I do not live with my mother.

18. Do you live with your father?

 $\Box$  Yes, all or most of the time.

 $\Box$  Yes, some of the time.

□ No, I do not live with my father.

#### **B. SEXUAL ATTITUDES**

The following questions ask how you feel about different behaviors. Please indicate how good or bad an idea it is to do the following, whether others would approve or disapprove of the behavior, and whether you plan to do these behaviors in the next 3 months (90 days). Circle the NUMBER that best describes your feelings. Sexual intercourse refers to a male putting his penis in a female's vagina. (Try to answer the questions even if you have not had sexual intercourse or have never used condoms.)

How would the following people feel about you having sex in the next 3 months? (Circle one)

1	2	3		4		5	
Strongly Disapprove	Disapprove	In the Middle		Approve	Stro	ngly App	rove
1. Yourself		1	2	3	4	5	(39)
2. Most people who are in	nportant to you	1	2	3	4	5	(40)
3. Your sexual partner		1	2	3	4	5	(41)
4. Your mother		1	2	3	4	5	(42)
5. Your father		1	2	3	4	5	(43)
6. Your friends		1	2	3	4	5	(44)

25

(38)

7. How likely is it that you will decide to have sexual intercourse in the next 3 months? (45)

12345Very UnlikelyUnlikelyIn the MiddleLikelyVery Likely

Try to answer the following questions even if you have not had sex or have never used condoms. How would the following people feel about you using a condom if you have sex in the next 3 months? (Circle one)

1	2	3		4		5	
Strongly Disapprove	Disapprove	In the M	iddle	Appro	ve	Strongly App	orove
				2		_	
8. Yourself		1	2	3	4	5	(46)
9. Most people who are i	mportant to yo	ou 1	2	3	4	5	(47)
10. Your sexual partner		1	2	3	4	5	(48)
11. Your mother		1	2	3	4	5	(49)
12. Your father		1	2	3	4	5	(50)
13. Your friends		1	2	3	4	5	(51)
14. How likely is it that yo months?	ou will decide t	o use a cond	lom if y	/ou have	sex	in the next 3	(52)
1	2	3	4		5	5	
Very Unlikely	Jnlikely In	the Middle	Like	ely	Very	/ Likely	
How much do you agre	How much do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements about you having sex? (Circle One)						
1	2	3		4		5	
Strongly Disagree	Disagree	In the Mide	dle	Agree		Strongly Agr	ee
						CODENO#	2 (1-4)
						LINE #2	(5)
15. If I have sex, then I wi							
more popular with b	oys.	1	2	3	4	5	(6)

1 Strongly Disagree	2 Disagree Ir	3 n the M	iddla	4 Agı		Stron	5 gly Ag	<b>r</b> 00
The following questions concern <u>not</u> having sex, also known as practicing abstinence. How much do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements about you <u>not</u> having sex? (Circle One)								
26. I plan to have sex in	the next 3 months	5.	1	2	3	4	5	(17)
25. If I have sex during then I am less likely career that I am ho	to have the		1	2	3	4	5	(16)
24. If I have sex during then I am less likely from high school.			1	2	3	4	5	(15)
23. If I have sex before then God is likely t			1	2	3	4	5	(14)
22. If I have sex, and my then they will be a	-		1	2	3	4	5	(13)
21. If I have sex during then my parents w			1	2	3	4	5	(12)
20. If I have sex during pregnancy could o			1	2	3	4	5	(11)
19. If I have sex, I will go transmitted diseas			1	2	3	4	5	(10)
18. If I have sex, I will ge	et HIV.		1	2	3	4	5	(9)
17. If I have sex, I will ge	et a bad reputation		1	2	3	4	5	(8)
16. If I have sex, then I with more popular with		1	2	3	4	5		(7)

Strongly Disagree	Disagree	III the middle		JICC	5000	giy Ag	
27. If I do <u>not</u> have sex,							
people will call me r	names.	1	2	3	4	5	(18)
28. If I do <u>not</u> have sex,							
no one will want to	go out with me	. 1	2	3	4	5	(19)

29. If I do <u>not</u> have sex with my partner, then they will break up with me.	1	2	3	4	5	(20)
30. If I do <u>not</u> have sex, my parents will be proud of me.	1	2	3	4	5	(21)
31. If I do <u>not</u> have sex during my teenage years, I will be proud of myself.	1	2	3	4	5	(22)
32. <u>Not</u> having sex will help me further my education.	1	2	3	4	5	(23)
33. <u>Not</u> having sex will help me focus on getting a good job.	1	2	3	4	5	(24)
34. I will not have sex in the next 3 months.	1	2	3	4	5	(25)

## Now, we would like to ask you some questions about you using condoms. How much do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements about condoms? Try to answer the questions even if you have not had sex or have never used condoms. (Circle One)

1	2	3		4		5	
Strongly Disagree	Disagree	In the Middle	Ag	gree	Stron	gly Agı	ee
35. Condoms help preve	ent pregnancy.	1	2	3	4	5	(26)
36. Condoms help preve	ent STDs.	1	2	3	4	5	(27)
37. Condoms help preve	1	2	3	4	5	(28)	
38. A lot of times condo you are using them.	ms break when	1	2	3	4	5	(29)
39. When a condom is u feels good.	sed, sex still	1	2	3	4	5	(30)
40. When a condom is u	sed, sex is more	fun. 1	2	3	4	5	(31)
41. If I used a condom, s not feel as good.	ex would	1	2	3	4	5	(32)
42. Sex feels unnatural v condom is used.	vhen a	1	2	3	4	5	(33)

43. Condoms are embarrassing to use.	1	2	3	4	5	(34)
44. Condoms make you not want to have sex						
because you have to stop to put one on.	1	2	3	4	5	(35)

Now we would like you to answer questions about how your sexual partner might react to you wanting to use condoms. Try to answer the following questions even if you do not have a sexual partner.

1	2	3		4		5	
Strongly Disagree	Disagree	In the Midd	le A	gree	Stro	ongly Ag	gree
45. Saying we have to u make my sexual par sex with other peop	rtner think I am		2	3	4	5	(36)
46. Saying we have to u saying to my sexual "I don't trust you."		i like 1	2	3	4	5	(37)
47. My sexual partner is me if I said we had t	•	-	2	3	4	5	(38)
48. If I had a condom w partner would not I	•	ual 1	2	3	4	5	(39)
49. My sexual partner v we used a condom.		er if 1	2	3	4	5	(40)
50. Condoms cost too r	nuch.	1	2	3	4	5	(41)
51. It is hard for me to g	get condoms.	1	2	3	4	5	(42)
52. It is too much troub condoms.	le to carry arou	nd 1	2	3	4	5	(43)
53. I can get condoms.		1	2	3	4	5	(44)
54. It is easy for me to h with me all of the ti		1	2	3	4	5	(45)

55. I can get my sexual partner to agree to use a condom, even if they don't want to.	1	2	3	4	5	(46)
56. I can say to my sexual partner that we should use a condom.	1	2	3	4	5	(47)
57. Before we are ready to have sex, I can talk to my sexual partner about using a condom.	1	2	3	4	5	(48)
58. I can put a condom on without turning my sexual partner off.	1	2	3	4	5	(49)
59. I cannot talk to my sexual partner about using condoms.	1	2	3	4	5	(50)
60. If I am sexually aroused, I can stop before sex to use a condom.	1	2	3	4	5	(51)
61. I can say no to sex if my sexual partner and I do not have a condom.	1	2	3	4	5	(52)
62. I can stop sex to get a condom, if I do not have one.	1	2	3	4	5	(53)
63. I can use a condom, even if the room is dark.	1	2	3	4	5	(54)
64. I can get my sexual partner to agree to use a condom without turning them off.	1	2	3	4	5	(55)
65. I am sure that I can use a condom if I have sex.	1	2	3	4	5	(56)
66. I will try to get my sexual partner to agree to use condoms if we have sex in the next 3 months.	1	2	3	4	5	(57)
67. I plan to use condoms if I have sex in the next 3 months.	1	2	3	4	5	(58)

#### **C. HARD OR EASY?**

Sometimes we want to do something, but it's hard to do it. For the statements below, circle the number that best expresses how easy or hard it would be for you to do each of the things listed. Use any number from 1 to 5. The higher the number, the easier you think it is to do the behavior. The lower the number, the harder you think it is to do the behavior. (Circle One)

1	2	3			4		5	
Very Hard	Hard	In the M	<b>/liddle</b>		Easy		Very Ea	sy
						CC	DDENO #3	8 (1-4)
							LINE #3	3 (5)
1. How easy or hard not have sex in t		•	1	2	3	4	5	(6)
2. How easy or hard	d would it be fo	or you to						
get your partne sex, even if they		5	1	2	3	4	5	(7)
3. How easy or hard condoms when		use	1	2	3	4	5	(8)

#### **D. SEXUAL BEHAVIOR**

The following questions ask you about different sexual behaviors you may or may not ever have done. There is always an answer that lets you tell us when you have not done things, as well as when you have done them. Sexual intercourse refers to a male putting his penis in a female's vagina. Please be honest.

1. Have you ever had sexual intercourse (a boy's penis in a girl's vagina)?							
	□ No □	] Yes					
2.	The first time you had intercourse against y		did your partne	r force you to have sexual	(10)		
	$\Box$ I have never had s	sexual intercourse.	□ No	□ Yes			
3.	The first time you had	l sexual intercourse, o	did you use a cc	ndom?	(11)		
	□ I have never had	sexual intercourse.	□ No	□ Yes			

The following questions ask you about the <u>last time</u> you had sexual interc	course:
4. The last time you had sexual intercourse, did you use a condom?	(12)
$\Box$ I have never had sexual intercourse. $\Box$ No $\Box$ Yes	
5. The last time you had sexual intercourse, were you high on alcohol or drugs?	(13)
□ I have never had sexual intercourse □ No □ Yes	
6. The last time you had sexual intercourse, did you have a couple of drinks and/or any drugs before having sexual intercourse?	r (14)
$\Box$ I have never had sexual intercourse. $\Box$ No $\Box$ Yes	
7. The last time you had sexual intercourse, how old was your partner?	(15-16)
$\Box$ I have never had sexual intercourse. $\Box$ (Write in)	_years old.
The following questions ask about your activities in the past 3 months (90 Please use the calendar provided to help you answer these questions. W	•
appropriate, if your answer is "zero" or "none" write the number "0"	
appropriate, if your answer is "zero" or "none" write the number "0"	
appropriate, if your answer is "zero" or "none" write the number "0" 8. In the past 3 months, did you have sexual intercourse?	(17)
<ul> <li>appropriate, if your answer is "zero" or "none" write the number "0"</li> <li>8. In the past 3 months, did you have sexual intercourse?</li> <li>No</li> <li>Yes</li> <li>9. When you had sexual intercourse in the past 3 months, how often were condor</li> </ul>	<b>:</b> (17) ms
<ul> <li>appropriate, if your answer is "zero" or "none" write the number "0"</li> <li>8. In the past 3 months, did you have sexual intercourse?</li> <li>No</li> <li>Yes</li> <li>9. When you had sexual intercourse in the past 3 months, how often were condor (rubbers) used?</li> </ul>	<b>:</b> (17) ms
<ul> <li>appropriate, if your answer is "zero" or "none" write the number "0"</li> <li>8. In the past 3 months, did you have sexual intercourse?</li> <li>No</li></ul>	<b>:</b> (17) ms
<ul> <li>appropriate, if your answer is "zero" or "none" write the number "0"</li> <li>8. In the past 3 months, did you have sexual intercourse?</li> <li>No</li></ul>	<b>:</b> (17) ms

<ul> <li>13. In the past 3 months, on how many days did you have sexual intercourse? days (27-28, 27-28, 27-28, 28-</li></ul>	11.	In the past 3 months, how many times did you use a condom when you had sex intercourse?	ual (22-24)
times         12. In the past 3 months, how many partners have you had sexual intercourse with?        partners       (25-26)         13. In the past 3 months, on how many days did you have sexual intercourse?       (27-28)         14. In the past 3 months, on how many days did you have sexual intercourse without using a condom?       (29-30)         □       I have never had sexual intercourse       (29-30)         □       I have never had sexual intercourse       (29-30)         □       I did not have sexual intercourse       (29-30)         □       I days       (29-30)         15. In the past 3 months, on how many days did you get high on alcohol or another drug and then have sexual intercourse?       (31-32)         □       I have never had sexual intercourse       (31-32)         □       I did not have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months.       (33-34)         □       I days       (33-34)         16. In the past 3 months, on how many of those days when you got high on an alcoholic drink or another drug and then had sex, did you have sexual intercourse without using a condom?       (33-34)         □       I h		□ I have never had sexual intercourse	
12. In the past 3 months, how many partners have you had sexual intercourse with?       (25-26)         13. In the past 3 months, on how many days did you have sexual intercourse?       (27-28)         14. In the past 3 months, on how many days did you have sexual intercourse without using a condom?       (29-30)         □       I have never had sexual intercourse       (29-30)         □       I have never had sexual intercourse       (29-30)         □       I did not have sexual intercourse       (29-30)         □       I days       (29-30)         15. In the past 3 months, on how many days did you get high on alcohol or another drug and then have sexual intercourse?       (31-32)         □       I have never had sexual intercourse       (31-32)         □       I have never had sexual intercourse       (31-32)         □       I have never ad sexual intercourse       (31-32)         □       I have never ad sexual intercourse       (31-32)         □       I have never ad sexual intercourse       (33-34)         □       I ha		$\Box$ I did not have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months.	
<ul> <li>partners</li> <li>(25-26)</li> <li>13. In the past 3 months, on how many days did you have sexual intercourse?</li> <li>days</li> <li>(27-28)</li> <li>14. In the past 3 months, on how many days did you have sexual intercourse without using a condom?</li> <li>(29-30)</li> <li>I have never had sexual intercourse</li> <li>I did not have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months</li> <li>days</li> <li>15. In the past 3 months, on how many days did you get high on alcohol or another drug and then have sexual intercourse?</li> <li>I did not have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months.</li> <li>days</li> <li>16. In the past 3 months, on how many of those days when you got high on an alcoholic drink or another drug and then had sexual intercourse without using a condom?</li> <li>(33-34)</li> <li>I have never got high and had sexual intercourse in the past 3 months.</li> <li>days</li> <li>17. With whom do you have sex? (Circle one)</li> <li>(35)</li> <li>Guys only</li> <li>Girls only</li> </ul>		□times	
	12.		(25-26)
without using a condom?       (29-30)         I have never had sexual intercourse       I did not have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months	13.		(27-28)
<ul> <li>I did not have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months</li> <li> days</li> <li>15. In the past 3 months, on how many days did you get high on alcohol or another drug and then have sexual intercourse? (31-32)</li> <li>I have never had sexual intercourse</li> <li>I did not have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months.</li> <li> days</li> <li>16. In the past 3 months, on how many of those days when you got high on an alcoholic drink or another drug and then had sex, did you have sexual intercourse without using a condom? (33-34)</li> <li>I have never got high and had sexual intercourse in the past 3 months.</li> <li>days</li> <li>17. With whom do you have sex? (Circle one) (35)</li> <li> Guys onlyGirls only</li> </ul>	14.		(29-30)
<ul> <li>days</li> <li>15. In the past 3 months, on how many days did you get high on alcohol or another drug and then have sexual intercourse? (31-32)</li> <li>I have never had sexual intercourse</li> <li>I did not have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months.</li> <li>days</li> <li>16. In the past 3 months, on how many of those days when you got high on an alcoholic drink or another drug and then had sex, did you have sexual intercourse without using a condom? (33-34)</li> <li>I have never got high and had sexual intercourse in the past 3 months.</li> <li>days</li> <li>17. With whom do you have sex? (Circle one) (35.)</li> </ul>		□ I have never had sexual intercourse	
<ul> <li>15. In the past 3 months, on how many days did you get high on alcohol or another drug and then have sexual intercourse? (31-32)</li> <li> <ul> <li>I have never had sexual intercourse</li> <li>I did not have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months.</li> <li> days</li> </ul> </li> <li>16. In the past 3 months, on how many of those days when you got high on an alcoholic drink or another drug and then had sex, did you have sexual intercourse without using a condom? (33-34)</li> <li>I have never got high and had sexual intercourse</li> <li>I did not get high and have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months.</li> <li>days</li> </ul> 17. With whom do you have sex? (Circle one) (35)		$\Box$ I did not have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months	
another drug and then have sexual intercourse?       (31-32)         I have never had sexual intercourse       1 did not have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months.         I		□ days	
<ul> <li>I did not have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months.</li> <li> days</li> <li>16. In the past 3 months, on how many of those days when you got high on an alcoholic drink or another drug and then had sex, did you have sexual intercourse without using a condom? (33-34,</li> <li>I have never got high and had sexual intercourse</li> <li>I did not get high and have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months.</li> <li>days</li> <li>17. With whom do you have sex? (Circle one) (35,</li> <li>Guys only Girls only</li> </ul>	15.		(31-32)
<ul> <li>days</li> <li>16. <u>In the past 3 months</u>, on how many of those days when you got high on an alcoholic drink or another drug and then had sex, did you have sexual intercourse without using a condom? (33-34)</li> <li>days are also also also also also also also also</li></ul>		□ I have never had sexual intercourse	
<ul> <li>16. In the past 3 months, on how many of those days when you got high on an alcoholic drink or another drug and then had sex, did you have sexual intercourse without using a condom? (33-34)</li> <li>I have never got high and had sexual intercourse</li> <li>I did not get high and have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months.</li> <li>days</li> <li>17. With whom do you have sex? (Circle one) (35)</li> <li>Guys only</li> </ul>		$\Box$ I did not have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months.	
<ul> <li>alcoholic drink or another drug and then had sex, did you have sexual intercourse without using a condom? (33-34)</li> <li>I have never got high and had sexual intercourse</li> <li>I did not get high and have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months.</li> <li>days</li> <li>17. With whom do you have sex? (Circle one) (35)</li> <li>Guys only</li> <li>Girls only</li> </ul>		□ days	
<ul> <li>I did not get high and have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months.</li> <li>days</li> <li>17. With whom do you have sex? (Circle one) (35)</li> <li>Guys only  Girls only</li> </ul>	16.	alcoholic drink or another drug and then had sex, did you have sexual intercour	rse (33-34)
□days 17. With whom do you have sex? (Circle one) (35) □ Guys only □ Girls only		$\Box$ I have never got high and had sexual intercourse	
17. With whom do you have sex? (Circle one) (35) □ Guys only □ Girls only		$\Box$ I did not get high and have sexual intercourse in the past 3 months.	
$\Box$ Guys only $\Box$ Girls only		□days	
	17.	With whom do you have sex? (Circle one)	(35)
$\Box$ Both girls and guys $\Box$ I have never had sex		□ Guys only □ Girls only	
		□ Both girls and guys □ I have never had sex	

## Making Proud Choices! For Youth in Out-of-Home Care Curriculum

#### E. AIDS/STD TRUE-FALSE ITEMS

TRUE or FALSE. Some of the statements below are true; some are false. Please check T for each statement that you think is TRUE; check F for each one you think is FALSE; and check "?" if you DO NOT KNOW whether the statement is true or false. The term STD means Sexually Transmitted Disease.

1.	1. A common symptom of STDs in a man is discharge (drip) from his penis.						
	□ T	🗆 F	□ ?				
2.	A common syr	nptom of STDs	is burning with urination (peeing).	(37)			
	□ T	□ F	□ ?				
3.	A common syr	nptom of STDs	is a sore on the penis or vagina.	(38)			
	Π Τ	□ F	□ ?				
4.		nptom of STDs hing or burning	in a woman is discharge from her vagina g.	(39)			
	□ T	□ F	□ ?				
5.	lf you feel heal	thy you don't h	ave an STD.	(40)			
	□ T	□ F	□ ?				
6.	A woman who	has an STD car	get an infection in her uterus and tubes.	(41)			
	□ T	□ F	□ ?				
7.	A pregnant wo	oman who has a	an STD can give it to her baby.	(42)			
	ΠT	□ F	□ ?				
8.	If a person has	an STD, the per	rson's sexual partner probably has it too.	(43)			
	Π Τ	□ F	□ ?				
9.	Having HIV/All	OS makes you n	nore likely to get other diseases.	(44)			
	ΠT	□ F	□ ?				
10	•	have HIV/AIDS <u>not</u> look sick.	and give it to other people even if the	(45)			
	□ T	🗆 F	□ ?				

11. Having sex w	ith a man who s	shoots drugs is a way many women get HIV/AIDS.	(46)
□ T	□ F	□ ?	
-	ex (i.e., male pe tting HIV/AIDS.	nis in butt/anus) increases your	(47)
□ T	□ F	□ ?	
13. Using Vaselin STDs and HIV		when having sex lowers the chance of getting	(48)
□ T	□ F	□ ?	
-	•	vill get HIV/AIDS if you share a sink, shower, or no has HIV/AIDS.	(49)
□ T	□ F	□ ?	
15. HIV is present	t in blood, seme	n, and vaginal fluid.	(50)
Π Τ	□ F	□ ?	
16. The penis sho	ould be hard wh	en the condom is put on it.	(51)
🗆 Т	□ F	□ ?	
17. When a cond condom.	om is placed on	the penis, space should be left at the tip of the	(52)
□ T	□ F	□ ?	
18. The condom	should be comp	pletely unrolled before it is placed on the penis.	(53)
🗆 Т	□ F	□ ?	
19. Storing or car	rrying condoms	in a hot or warm place can destroy their effectiveness.	(54)
□ T	□ F	□ ?	
20. A girl can <u>not</u>	get pregnant tl	he first time she has sex.	(55)
□ T	□ F	□ ?	
-	es herself out wi come pregnant	th a douche after she has sex,	(56)
□ T	🗆 F	□ ?	

		removes his penis) from the woman's vagina before llates, comes) the woman can still become pregnant.	(57)
□ T	□F	□ ?	
-	-	control pills and does not take them one or two days se her chances of becoming pregnant.	(58)
□ T	□F	□ ?	
	n and jelly forms s a condom.	of birth control that a girl uses work better if the	(59)
Π Τ	🗆 F	□ ?	
	F. PEI	RSONAL ATTITUDES QUESTIONNAIRE	
		ts concerning personal attitudes and traits. Please o you think is true; check F for each one you think is fa	
		CODENO	. ,
1. It is some	times hard for m	e to go on with my work if I am not encouraged.	(6)
□ T	□ F	□ ?	
2. I sometim	es feel mad whe	en I do not get my way.	(7)
□ T	🗆 F	□ ?	
	es, I have given u o little of my abil	up doing something because ity.	(8)
Π Τ	🗆 F	□ ?	
	e been times wh y were right.	een I felt like going against people in authority even tho	ugh I (9)
□ T	□ F	□ ?	
5. No matter	<sup>r</sup> who I am talkin	g to, I am always a good listener.	(10)
□ T	□ F	□ ?	
6. There hav	e been times wh	en I took advantage of someone.	(11)
□ T	🗆 F	□ ?	

36

□ T □ F □ ?   9. I am always courteous, even to people who are disagreeable.   □ T □ F   10. I have never been mad when people have had ideas different from my own.   □ T □ F   11. There have been times when I was very jealous of good things happening to others.   □ T □ F   12. I sometimes get mad at people who ask favors of me.   □ T □ F   □ T □ F	(12)
T F   T F   T F   T F   10. I have never been mad when people have had ideas different from my own.   T F   T F   11. There have been times when I was very jealous of good things happening to others.   T F   T F   12. I sometimes get mad at people who ask favors of me.   T F   13. I have never said something in order to hurt someone's feelings.   T F   Rny comments you wish to make about the questions are welcome:	
<ul> <li>9. I am always courteous, even to people who are disagreeable.</li> <li>T</li> <li>F</li> <li>?</li> <li>10. I have never been mad when people have had ideas different from my own.</li> <li>T</li> <li>F</li> <li>?</li> <li>11. There have been times when I was very jealous of good things happening to others.</li> <li>T</li> <li>F</li> <li>?</li> <li>12. I sometimes get mad at people who ask favors of me.</li> <li>T</li> <li>F</li> <li>?</li> <li>13. I have never said something in order to hurt someone's feelings.</li> <li>T</li> <li>F</li> <li>?</li> <li>Any comments you wish to make about the questions are welcome:</li> </ul>	(13)
T F   10. I have never been mad when people have had ideas different from my own.   T F   T F   11. There have been times when I was very jealous of good things happening to others.   T F   T F   12. I sometimes get mad at people who ask favors of me.   T F   13. I have never said something in order to hurt someone's feelings.   T F   14. T   F   15. I have never said something in order to hurt someone's feelings.   16. T   F   17. I F   18. I have never said something in order to hurt someone's feelings.   I T   I F   I F   I T   I F   I T   I F   I F   I T   I F   I T   I F   I T   I F   I T   I F   I T   I F   I T   I F   I T   I F   I T   I F   I T   I F   I F   I T   I F <td></td>	
<ul> <li>10. I have never been mad when people have had ideas different from my own.</li> <li>T</li> <li>F</li> <li>?</li> <li>11. There have been times when I was very jealous of good things happening to others.</li> <li>T</li> <li>F</li> <li>?</li> <li>12. I sometimes get mad at people who ask favors of me.</li> <li>T</li> <li>F</li> <li>?</li> <li>13. I have never said something in order to hurt someone's feelings.</li> <li>T</li> <li>F</li> <li>?</li> <li>Any comments you wish to make about the questions are welcome:</li> </ul>	(14)
Image: T F ?   11. There have been times when I was very jealous of good things happening to others.   Image: T F   12. I sometimes get mad at people who ask favors of me.   Image: T F   13. I have never said something in order to hurt someone's feelings.   Image: T F   Image: T F <t< td=""><td></td></t<>	
<ul> <li>11. There have been times when I was very jealous of good things happening to others.</li> <li>T</li> <li>F</li> <li>?</li> <li>12. I sometimes get mad at people who ask favors of me.</li> <li>T</li> <li>F</li> <li>?</li> <li>13. I have never said something in order to hurt someone's feelings.</li> <li>T</li> <li>F</li> <li>?</li> <li>Any comments you wish to make about the questions are welcome:</li> </ul>	(15)
T F ?   12. I sometimes get mad at people who ask favors of me.   T F   ? 13. I have never said something in order to hurt someone's feelings.   T F   ? Any comments you wish to make about the questions are welcome:   If you are finished, check over the booklet for any questions you forgot to answer. Then s	
<ul> <li>12. I sometimes get mad at people who ask favors of me.</li> <li>T</li> <li>F</li> <li>?</li> <li>13. I have never said something in order to hurt someone's feelings.</li> <li>T</li> <li>F</li> <li>?</li> <li>Any comments you wish to make about the questions are welcome:</li> </ul>	(16)
<ul> <li>□ T</li> <li>□ F</li> <li>□ ?</li> <li>13. I have never said something in order to hurt someone's feelings.</li> <li>□ T</li> <li>□ F</li> <li>□ ?</li> <li>Any comments you wish to make about the questions are welcome:</li> <li>If you are finished, check over the booklet for any questions you forgot to answer. Then s</li> </ul>	
13. I have never said something in order to hurt someone's feelings.	(17)
T F ? Any comments you wish to make about the questions are welcome:	
Any comments you wish to make about the questions are welcome: If you are finished, check over the booklet for any questions you forgot to answer. Then s	(18)
If you are finished, check over the booklet for any questions you forgot to answer. Then s	
THANK YOU!	it

# **Post-Questionnaire**

Date:

(7-14)

The questions in this booklet are about things related to your health, as well as general questions about your background. Some questions ask about what you know; others ask your opinion on things; and others ask about things you may or may not have done. There is always an answer that lets you tell us when you have not done things, as well as when you have done them. Knowing what you have not done is just as important as knowing what you have done.

Some of the questions are very personal and ask about different sexual activities that some people do. These particular questions are very blunt and to the point—questions you probably have never seen on a questionnaire before. Most of the questions are not like this, however. If a question bothers you so much that you do not want to answer it, you can skip that question and continue with the questionnaire. We warn you about the questions that are personal and blunt so that you will not be surprised when you see them. Please answer all of the questions honestly. Your answers will be kept completely confidential; no one from your school or home will ever see your answers. Please work by yourself, and do not talk with others while you are answering the questions.

IMPORTANT	MPORTANT! WRITE YOUR CODE NUMBER HERE:							
						LINE (5)		
Time Started	:							
Time Finishe	d:							
	Asst. Reqd.?	Circle:	(1) none	(2) low	(3) high	(6)		
PLEASE PRINT THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE ON THE LINE BELOW:								
"The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog."								
						_		

#### **A. SEXUAL ATTITUDES**

The following questions ask how you feel about different behaviors. Please indicate how good or bad an idea it is to do the following, whether others would approve or disapprove of the behavior, and whether you plan to do these behaviors in the next

3 months (90 days). Circle the NUMBER that best describes your feelings. Sexual intercourse refers to a male putting his penis in a female's vagina. (Try to answer the questions even if you have not had sexual intercourse or have never used condoms.)

# How would the following people feel about you having sex in the next 3 months? (Circle one)

1	3		4 5					
Strongly Disapprove	ongly Disapprove Disapprove		In the Middle App			prove Strongly Approve		
1. Yourself		1	2	3	4	5	(16)	
2. Most people who are ir	nportant to you	ı 1	2	3	4	5	(17)	
3. Your sexual partner		1	2	3	4	5	(18)	
4. Your mother		1	2	3	4	5	(19)	
5. Your father		1	2	3	4	5	(20)	
6. Your friends		1	2	3	4	5	(21)	
7. How likely is it that you will decide to have sexual intercourse in the next 3 months? (22							(22)	
1	2	3	4	1	5			
Very Unlikely U	he Middle	Likely	Very	/ Likely				
Try to answer the following questions even if you have not had sex or have never used condoms. How would the following people feel about you using a condom if you have sex in the next 3 months? (Circle one)								
1 2 3 4 5								
Strongly Disapprove		In the Mid		prove	Strong		rove	
			•	-				
8. Yourself		1	2 3	4	5		(23)	
9. Most people who are ir	nportant to you	ı 1 .	2 3	4	5		(24)	

10. Your sexual partner		1	1 2	3	4	5		(25)
11. Your mother		1	I 2	3	4	- 5		(26)
12. Your father		1	1 2	3	4	- 5		(27)
13. Your friends		1	1 2	3	4	- 5		(28)
14. How likely is it that you will decide to use a condom if you have sex in the next 3 months?							next 3	(29)
1	2	3		4		5		
Very Unlikely	Unlikely	In the Mi	iddle L	ikely	Ve	ry Likely		
How much do you agre	•				wing st	atemen	ts aboı	ut you
	hav	ving sex?	(Circle O	ne)				
1	2		3		4		5	
Strongly Disagree	Disagree	In the	e Middle	Ag	jree	Stron	gly Ag	ree
15. If I have sex, then I w more popular with			1	2	3	4	5	(30)
16. If I have sex, then I w more popular with			1	2	3	4	5	(31)
17. If I have sex, I will ge	t a bad reput	tation.	1	2	3	4	5	(32)
18. If I have sex, I will ge	t HIV.		1	2	3	4	5	(33)
19. If I have sex, I will ge transmitted disease			1	2	3	4	5	(34)
20. If I have sex during r pregnancy could or		5,	1	2	3	4	5	(35)
21. If I have sex during n then my parents wi		5,	1	2	3	4	5	(36)
22. If I have sex, and my then they will be an	-	out,	1	2	3	4	5	(37)
23. If I have sex before I then God is likely to	-	me.	1	2	3	4	5	(38)

24. If I have sex during my teen years,						
then I am less likely to graduate						
from high school.	1	2	3	4	5	(39)
25. If I have sex during my teen years, then I am less likely to have the						
career that I am hoping for.	1	2	3	4	5	(40)
26. I plan to have sex in the next 3 months.	1	2	3	4	5	(41)

The following questions concern <u>not</u> having sex, also known as practicing abstinence. How much do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements about you <u>not</u> having sex? (Circle One)

1	2	3		4			5	
Strongly Disagree	Disagree	In the N	liddle	Agr	ee	Strong	ly Agre	e
27. If I do <u>not</u> have sex, people will call me i	names.		1	2	3	4	5	(42)
28. If I do <u>not</u> have sex, no one will want to	go out with me	2.	1	2	3	4	5	(43)
29. If I do <u>not</u> have sex w then they will break		,	1	2	3	4	5	(44)
30. If I do <u>not</u> have sex, my parents will be p	proud of me.		1	2	3	4	5	(45)
31. If I do <u>not</u> have sex d years, I will be proud	0	age	1	2	3	4	5	(46)
32. <u>Not</u> having sex will h further my educatio	-		1	2	3	4	5	(47)
33. <u>Not</u> having sex will h focus on getting a g	•		1	2	3	4	5	(48)
34. I will <u>not</u> have sex in	the next 3 mor	nths.	1	2	3	4	5	(49)

### Now, we would like to ask you some questions about you using condoms. How much do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements about condoms? Try to answer the questions even if you have not had sex or have never used condoms. (Circle One)

1	2	3		4		5	
Strongly Disagree	Disagree	In the Middle	Ag	jree	Stron	gly Agı	'ee
35. Condoms help preve	ent pregnancy.	1	2	3	4	5	(50)
36. Condoms help preve	ent STDs.	1	2	3	4	5	(51)
37. Condoms help preve	ent HIV.	1	2	3	4	5	(52)
38. A lot of times condo	ms break when	l					
you are using them.		1	2	3	4	5	(53)
39. When a condom is u	sed, sex still						
feels good.		1	2	3	4	5	(54)
40. When a condom is u	sed, sex is more	e fun. 1	2	3	4	5	(55)
41. If I used a condom, s	ex would						
not feel as good.		1	2	3	4	5	(56)
42. Sex feels unnatural v	vhen a						
condom is used.		1	2	3	4	5	(57)
43. Condoms are embar	rassing to use.	1	2	3	4	5	(58)
44. Condoms make you	not want to ha	ve sex					
because you have to	o stop to put or	ne on. 1	2	3	4	5	(59)

# Now we would like you to answer questions about how your sexual partner might react to you wanting to use condoms. Try to answer the following questions even if you do not have a sexual partner.

1	1 2			4	4		5			
Strongly Disagree	Disagree	In the N	liddle	Ag	ree	Stron	gly Agı	ree		
						CC	DDENO #			
45. Saying we have to υ make my sexual pa sex with other peo	rtner think I an		1	2	3	4	5	(6)		
46. Saying we have to u saying to my sexua "I don't trust you."		s like	1	2	3	4	5	(7)		
47. My sexual partner is me if I said we had		-	1	2	3	4	5	(8)		
48. If I had a condom w partner would not		ual	1	2	3	4	5	(9)		
49. My sexual partner w we used a condom		er if	1	2	3	4	5	(10)		
50. Condoms cost too r	nuch.		1	2	3	4	5	(11)		
51. It is hard for me to g	jet condoms.		1	2	3	4	5	(12)		
52. It is too much troub condoms.	le to carry arou	Ind	1	2	3	4	5	(13)		
53. I can get condoms.			1	2	3	4	5	(14)		
54. It is easy for me to h with me all of the t			1	2	3	4	5	(15)		
55. I can get my sexual use a condom, eve			1	2	3	4	5	(16)		

56. I can say to my sexual partner that we should use a condom.	1	2	3	4	5	(17)
57. Before we are ready to have sex, I can talk to my sexual partner about using a condom.	1	2	3	4	5	(18)
58. I can put a condom on without turning my sexual partner off.	1	2	3	4	5	(19)
59. I cannot talk to my sexual partner about using condoms.	1	2	3	4	5	(20)
60. If I am sexually aroused, I can stop before sex to use a condom.	1	2	3	4	5	(21)
61. I can say no to sex if my sexual partner and I do not have a condom.	1	2	3	4	5	(22)
62. I can stop sex to get a condom, if I do not have one.	1	2	3	4	5	(23)
63. I can use a condom, even if the room is dark.	1	2	3	4	5	(24)
64. I can get my sexual partner to agree to use a condom without turning them off.	1	2	3	4	5	(25)
65. I am sure that I can use a condom if I have sex.	1	2	3	4	5	(26)
66. I will try to get my sexual partner to agree to use condoms if we have sex in the next 3 months.	1	2	3	4	5	(27)
67. I plan to use condoms if I have sex in the next 3 months.	1	2	3	4	5	(28)

#### **B. HARD OR EASY?**

Sometimes we want to do something, but it's hard to do it. For the statements below, circle the number that best expresses how easy or hard it would be for you to do each of the things listed. Use any number from 1 to 5. The higher the number, the easier you think it is to do the behavior. The lower the number, the harder you think it is to do the behavior. (Circle One)

1	2	3		4		5	5	
Very Hard	Hard	In the Midd	lle	Easy	/	Very	Easy	
1. How easy or h not have sex i	ard would it bo n the next 3 m		1	2	3	4	5	(29)
2. How easy or h get your parti sex, even if th	doms during	1	2	3	4	5	(30)	
3. How easy or h condoms whe	ard would it be en you have se		1	2	3	4	5	(31)

#### C. AIDS/STD TRUE-FALSE ITEMS

TRUE or FALSE. Some of the statements below are true; some are false. Please check T for each statement that you think is TRUE; check F for each one you think is FALSE; and check "?" if you DO NOT KNOW whether the statement is true or false. The term STD means Sexually Transmitted Disease.

1. A common symptom of STDs in a man is discharge (drip) from his penis.					
□ T	🗆 F	□ ?			
2. A commor	n symptom of ST	Ds is burning with urination (peeing).	(33)		
□ T	🗆 F	□ ?			
3. A commor	n symptom of ST	Ds is a sore on the penis or vagina.	(34)		
□ T	🗆 F	□ ?			
4. A common symptom of STDs in a woman is discharge from her vagina that causes itching or burning.					
□ T	🗆 F	□ ?			

5. If you feel healthy you don't have an STD.					
□ T	🗆 F	□ ?			
6. A woman who	o has an STD car	n get an infection in her uterus and tubes.	(37)		
□ T	□ F	□ ?			
7. A pregnant w	oman who has a	an STD can give it to her baby.	(38)		
□ T	□ F	□ ?			
8. If a person has	s an STD, the pe	rson's sexual partner probably has it too.	(39)		
□ T	□ F	□ ?			
9. Having HIV/AI	DS makes you r	nore likely to get other diseases.	(40)		
□ T	□ F	□ ?			
	n have HIV/AIDS s <u>not</u> look sick.	and give it to other people even if the	(41)		
□ T	□ F	□ ?			
11. Having sex w	vith a man who	shoots drugs is a way many women get HIV/AIDS.	(42)		
□ T	🗆 F	□ ?			
-	sex (i.e., male pe etting HIV/AIDS	enis in butt/anus) increases your	(43)		
□ T	🗆 F	□ ?			
13. Using Vaselir STDs and HI		when having sex lowers the chance of getting	(44)		
□ T	🗆 F	□ ?			
-	-	will get HIV/AIDS if you share a sink, shower, or no has HIV/AIDS.	(45)		
□ T	🗆 F	□ ?			
15. HIV is presen	t in blood, seme	n, and vaginal fluid.	(46)		
□ T	🗆 F	□ ?			

ПТ	🗆 F	□ ?	
17. When a condom	-	ed on the penis, space should be left at the tip of the	
ПТ	🗆 F	□ ?	
18. The cond	dom should be	completely unrolled before it is placed on the penis.	
ПТ	🗆 F	□ ?	
19. Storing offective		loms in a hot or warm place can destroy their	
ПТ	🗆 F	□ ?	
20. A girl cai	n <u>not</u> get pregn	ant the first time she has sex.	
ПТ	🗆 F	□ ?	
•	vashes herself o n't become preg	ut with a douche after she has sex, jnant	
ПТ	🗆 F	□ ?	
		(removes his penis) from the woman's vagina before ulates, comes) the woman can still become pregnant.	
ПТ	🗆 F	□ ?	
0	•	n control pills and does not take them one or two days ase her chances of becoming pregnant.	
ПТ	🗆 F	□ ?	
	n and jelly form s a condom.	s of birth control that a girl uses work better if the	
□ T	🗆 F	□ ?	

#### **D. Debrief Questions**

## The questions in this section concern your feelings about the program. Tell us how you felt about the program by circling how you best feel about the statement. Please answer all of the questions honestly. Your opinions are valuable to us.

	CODENO# 3 (1-4)
	LINE #3 (5)
1. What did you like about the overall program?	(6)

2. What didn't you like about the overall program?

For questions 1 - 7 please use the scale below.

1	2	3		4		5	
Disliked	Disliked	Neither Liked	I	liked		Like	d
Very Much		Nor Disliked				Very M	uch
<ol> <li>How much did y program activit</li> </ol>		1	2	3	4	5	(8)
4. How much did you like the video part of the activities?		1	2	3	4	5	(9)
5. How much did you like the group that you were in?		1	2	3	4	5	(10)
6. How much did you like your facilitator?		or? 1	2	3	4	5	(11)
7. How much did you like the activities you did in your group?		1	2	3	4	5	(12)

(7)

## For questions 8 and 9 please use the scale below.

1 Not of all	2	3	4			
Not at all	Very Little	Moderately	Very l	NUCN		
8. How much cou the group activ	ld you really get into vities?	) 1	2	3	4	(13)
9. How much did your thoughts	you talk and share in the group?	1	2	3	4	(14)
	able did you feel talk our thoughts in the	•	2	3	4	(15)
	able did you feel dur games, or role -play	•	2	3	4	(16)
12. In general, ho from the activ	w much did you lear ⁄ities?	m 1	2	3	4	(17)
13. How much die videos you sa	d you learn from the w?	1	2	3	4	(18)
14. How much die small group a	d you learn from the activities?	1	2	3	4	(19)
15. Would you rec project to oth	commend this ner teenagers?	1	2	3	4	(20)

# For the following questions please use the scale below.

1	2	3		4	5				
Disagree	Disagree	Neither Agree	ł	lgree	Agree		e		
Strongly		Nor Disagree	isagree			Strongly			
16. My facilitator re he or she is tea		1	2	3	4	5	(21)		
17. My facilitator is a good role model for me.		1	2	3	4	5	(22)		
18. My facilitator really understands youth my age.		1	2	3	4	5	(23)		
19. My facilitator shows respect for the group's feelings.		1	2	3	4	5	(24)		
20. My facilitator is very friendly.		1	2	3	4	5	(25)		
21. My facilitator was well-prepared.		1	2	3	4	5	(26)		
22. My facilitator knows a lot about life.		e. 1	2	3	4	5	(27)		
23. Have you discu who was in a c						(28)			

□ No □ Yes

	discussed the program with a teenager who was in a oup than you, what did you tell them you learned?	(29)
•	discussed the program with a teenager who was in a oup than you, what did they tell you?	(30)
-	er teenager who lives with you participated in the program?	(31)
No No No No	Yes a relative who has participated in the program?	(32)
	Yes	(32)
Any comments y	you wish to make about the questions are welcome:	
•	ed, check over the booklet for any questions you forgot to answer. T not disturb the others.	<sup>-</sup> hen sit
THANK YOU!		

**Post-Questionnaire** 

