

Intentional Leadership Situational Leadership: Collaborative Development for BMSM







About Community Impact Solutions Project

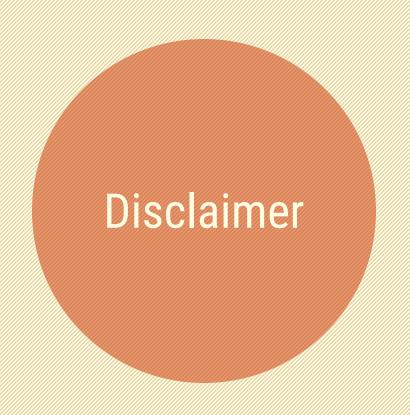
- Prevention with Positives
- Prevention with Negatives
- Organizational Development

Visit our website at www.etr.org/CISP

We provide essential capacitybuilding assistance (CBA) support to the HIV prevention workforce. We support community-based organizations and their clinical partners to deliver and sustain highquality HIV programs and services.



Disclaimer



Funding for this webinar was made possible (in part) by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). The views expressed by the speakers and moderators do not necessarily reflect the official policies of the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS), nor does the mention of trade names, commercial practices, or organizations imply endorsement by the US Government.



Your Guide

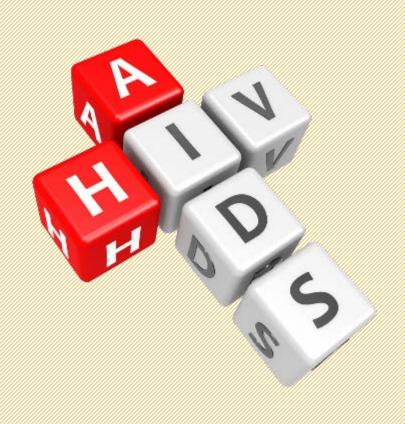
Michael Everett, MHS,CPC, CISP @ ETR



Michael Terry Everett is a Project Coordinator/Trainer for ETR's capacity-building team—Community Impact Solutions Project. He provides CBA services to community based organizations across the US. Michael is a Philadelphia native who has spent 15 years in human services and prior to joining ETR, served as the Director of Training & Capacity Building Support with the national NYC based organization, Harm Reduction Coalition (HRC).



Series Objectives



- Introduce wellness practices
- Enhance organizational development
- Support competency
- Identify best practices
- Support engagement strategies
- Increase awareness
- Strengthen integration of holistic services





Combat burnout (Health Benefit)

Navigate leadership development through professional development (*Professional Benefit*).



Webinar 2 Objectives



- Define burnout
- Define situational leadership
- Introduce intentional leadership
- Support competency of BMSM lived experience
- Support human resource development
- Engagement strategies





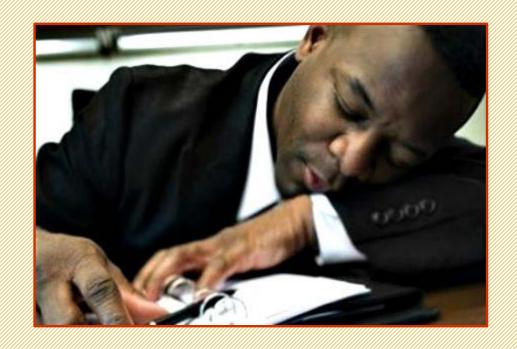
What Am I At Risk For...

- According to the Bureau of Justice Statistics, one in three black men can expect to go to prison in their lifetime.
- African-American men are nearly 1.6 times more likely to be diagnosed with prostate cancer than Caucasian men and 2.4 times more likely to die from the disease.
- Blacks are disproportionately exposed to the psychosocial stressors that are important antecedents of depression, economic deprivation, unemployment, and violence [10,11], which places them at greater risk for depression.

- African-Americans have a much higher incidence of heart failure than other races, and it develops at younger ages.
- Studies have reported that buying and trading sex appear to be important risk factors for BMSM.
- African American children are about 2½ times more likely than white children to be living in single-parent households and to be living with unemployed parents.
- Black men in the US face a disproportionate burden of preventable morbidity and mortality rates compared to other groups.



Participant Poll Question 1



What has burnout looked like at your agency?



Intentional Leadership?

The process of getting things done

Focus on process not outcomes

Mindfulness

Valuing Human & Social Capitol

WELLNESS

INCLUSIVENESS



The Need for Leadership Development





User Friendly Evaluation



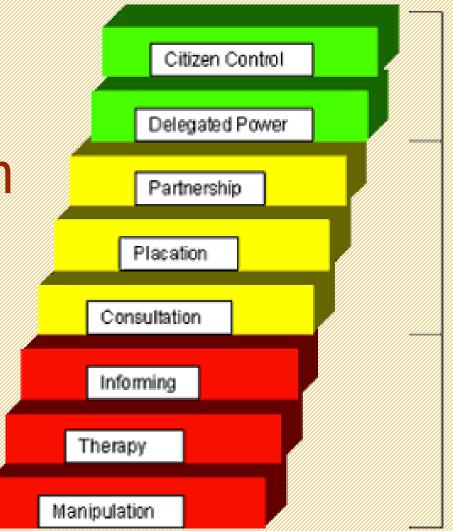
- Ten Survey Monkey
 Questions
- Facebook Discussion
 Questions





User Evaluation Survey

Ladder of Participation



Degrees of citizen power 5%

Degrees of tokenism 62%

Nonparticipation **33%**





Risk Factors Vs. Protective Factors

RISK FACTORS

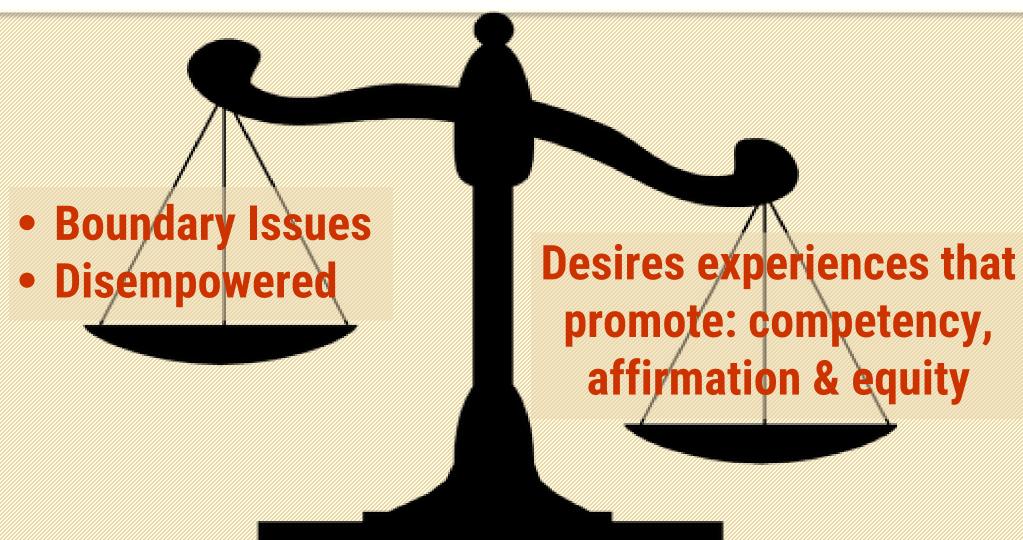
Involvement w/ drugs, alcohol, etc. Influences that work against self

Disparities can lead to vulnerability for people to take risks that can lead to harmful consequences





Summary of User-Friendly Results





Why Discuss Burnout?

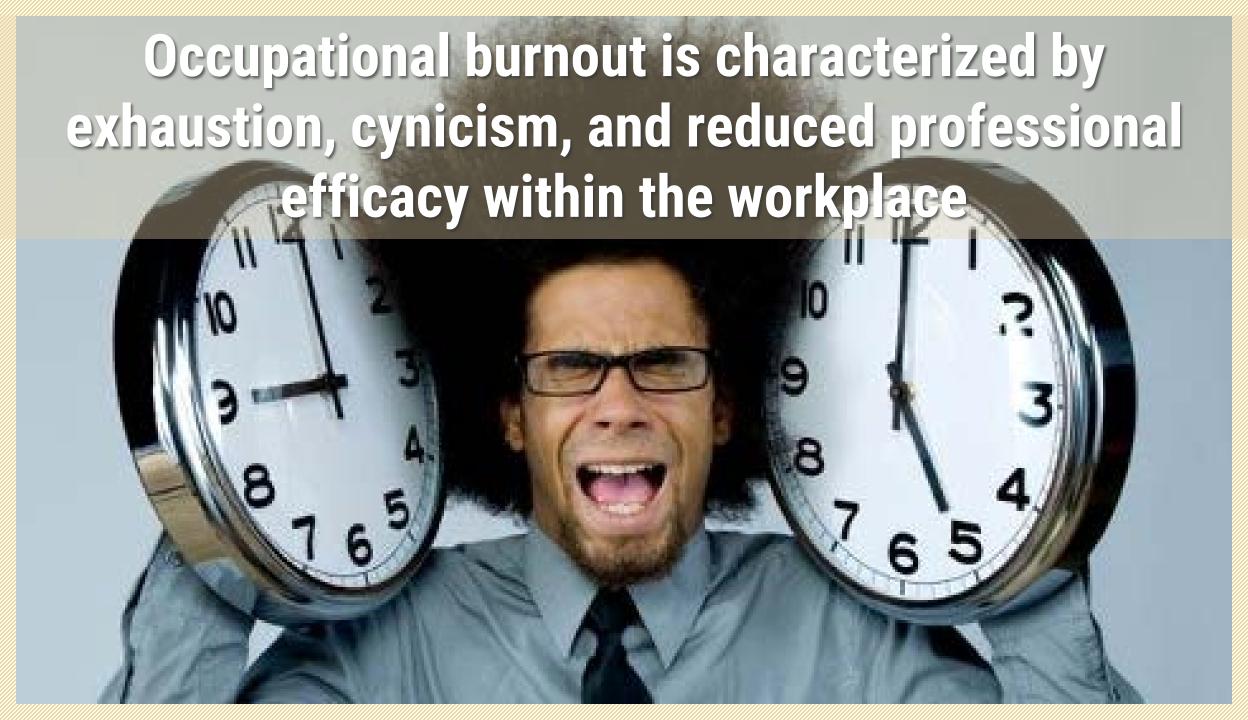
Impact on Individuals

- Poor health
- Absenteeism
- Poor work quality/service delivery
- Changes in outside relationships

Impact on Organizations

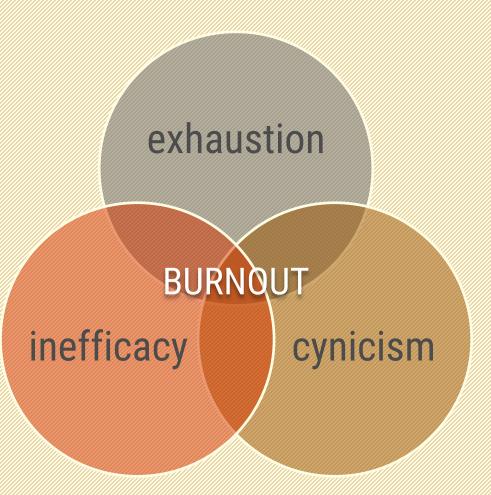
- Loss of confidence in leadership
- Low staff morale
- Low productivity and creativity
- Disharmony in work environment







Signs of Burnout

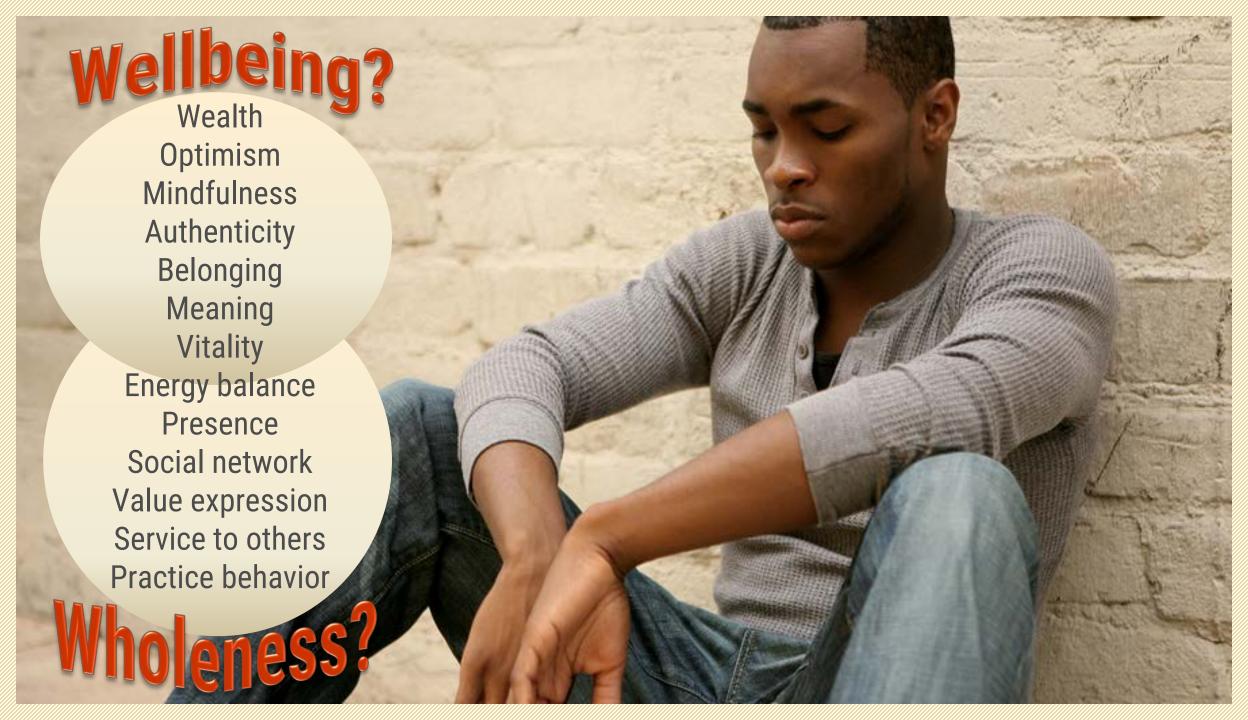


- 1. Irritability at work
- 2. Counting the clock- go in late, leave early
- 3. Apathy replaces enthusiasm
- 4. Isolation from coworkers- lost camaraderie
- 5. Physical illness- exhaustion, headaches, tension, changes in sleep patterns, etc.

STRESS	BURNOUT
Over-engagement	Disengagement
Heightened emotions	Blunted emotions
Urgency and hyperactivity	Helplessness and hopelessness
Loss of energy	Loss of motivation, ideals, and hope
Leads to anxiety disorders	Leads to detachment and depression





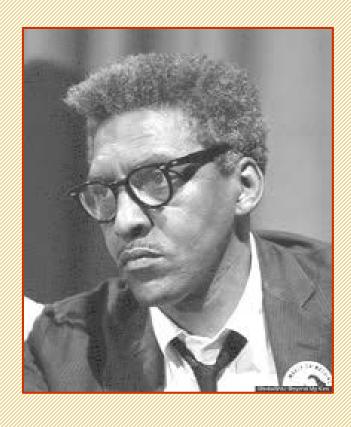


What is Leadership? Leadership has been described as the "process of social influence in which one person can enlist the aid and support of others in the accomplishment of a common task





Participant Poll Question 2

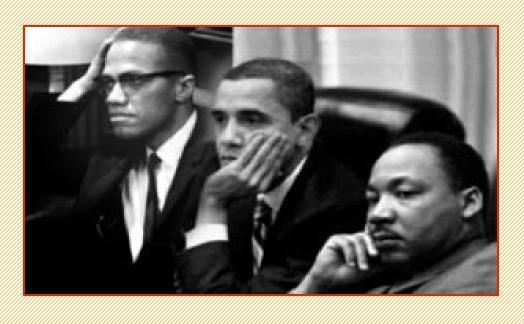


Are you an effective leader? How do you know?





Leadership Skills



- Self-aware
- Flexible
- Open to others' ideas & genuine
- Have a sense of humor
- Respectful
- Non-judgmental
- Inspirational
- Receptive to learning from and about others





Management:



- Oversees
- Maintains
- Ensure compliances
- Meet goals, objectives, and other related standards



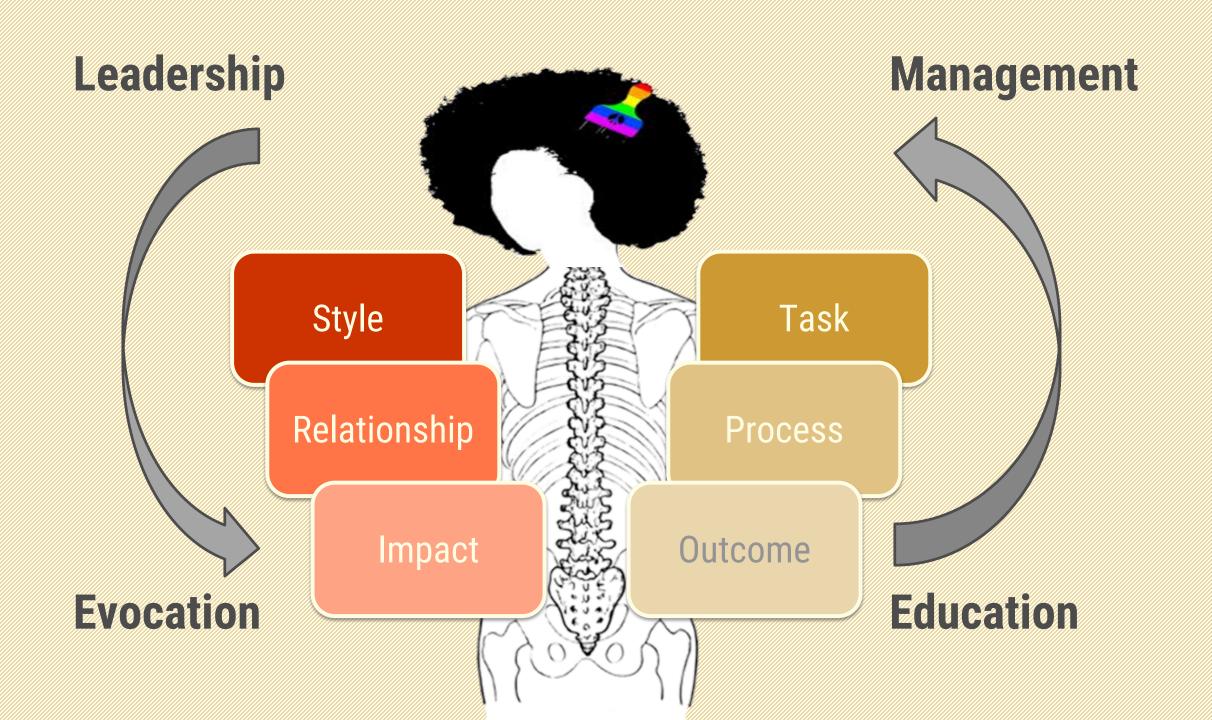


What Else?



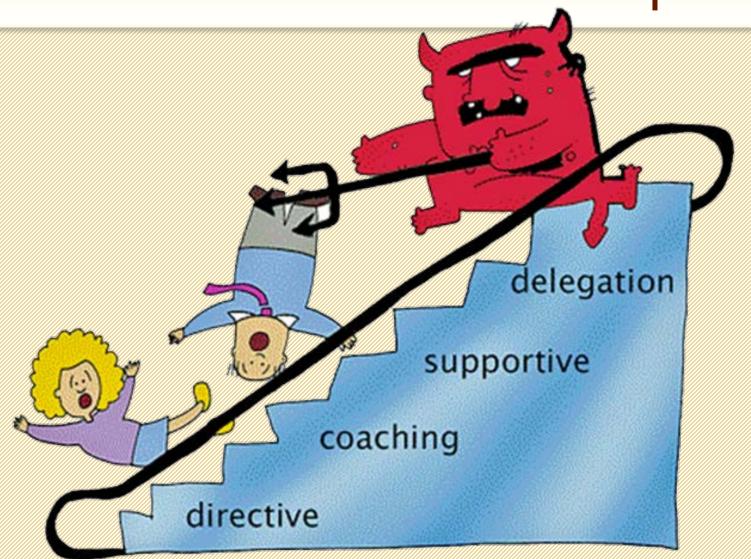
- Active listeners
- Synthesize
- Move forward
- Verbal skills
- Nonverbal skills

- Group process
- Organized
- Training
- Perceptive





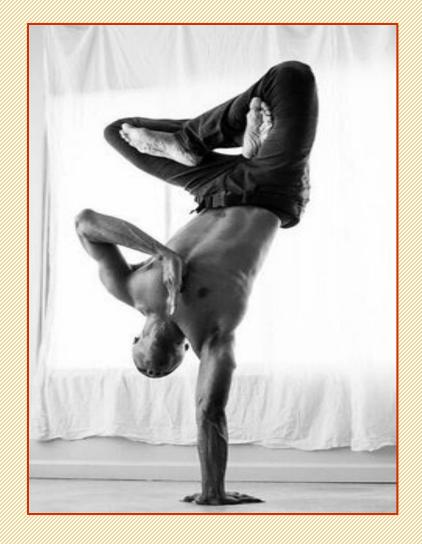
Situational Leadership







3 Skills of Situational Leader

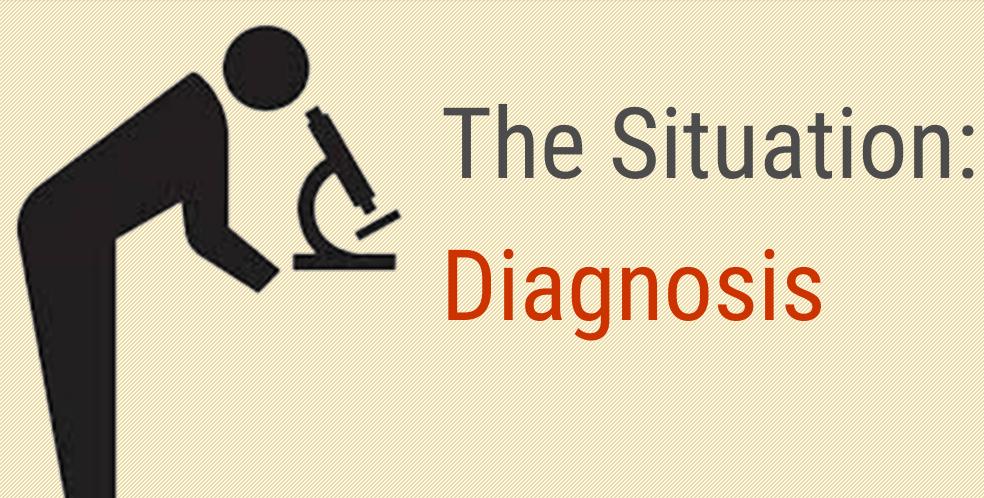


The Leader:

Flexibility



3 Skills of Situational Leader





3 Skills of Situational Leader

Low directive/High supportive
Supporting
S3

High directive/High supportive Coaching S2

Delegating
Low directive/Low
supportive

S1
Directing
High directive/Low
supportive

Directive Behavior

The Match: Leadership Style



Situational Leadership Match-Up Activity

Expert Authority (Directing)



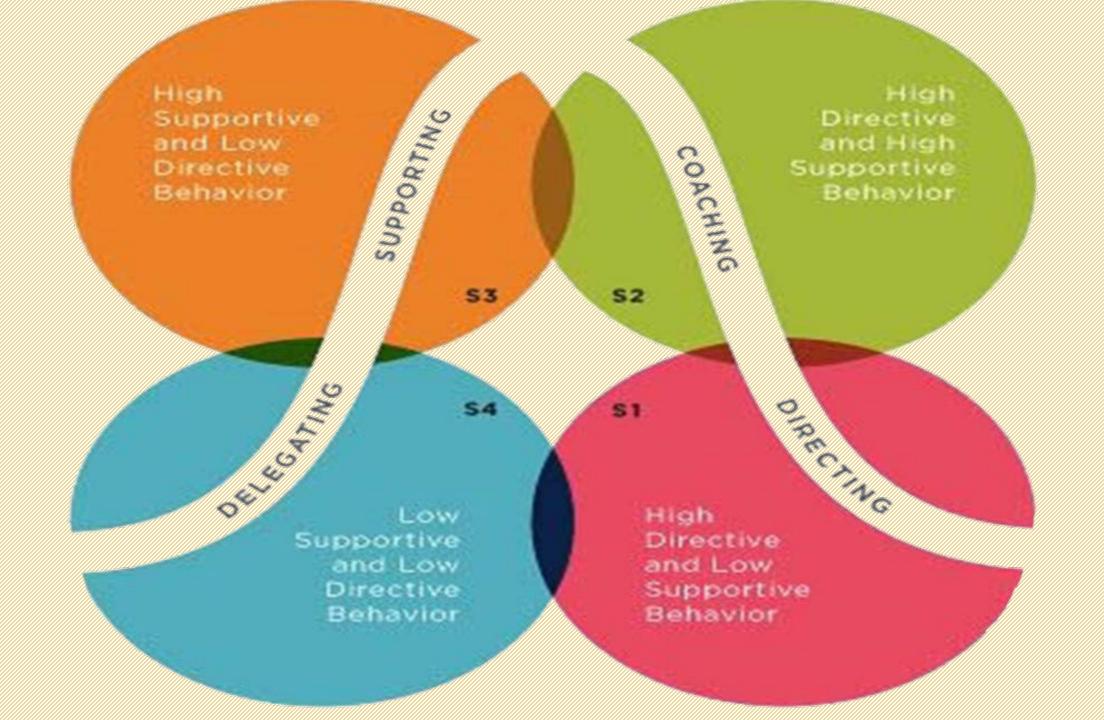
- a) Enthusiastic Beginner
- b) Disillusioned Learner
- c) Reluctant Contributor
- d) Peak



Management = Directive behavior
Telling, and showing people what, when and how to
do it and providing frequent feedback.



Leadership style is based on the amount of directive and supportive behavior given to the employee by the supervisor. Each level needs a different combination or dose of each.





Situational Leadership In a Nutshell



- Task behavior
- Relationship behavior
- Readiness



Style of Leadership S1-S4



- Expert Authority (Directing)
- Motivator (Coaching)
- Facilitator (Supporting)
- Involved manager (Delegator)



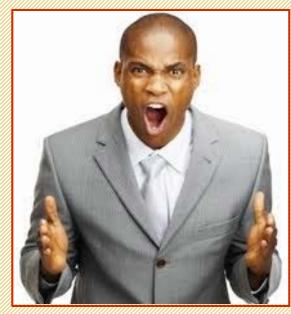
Developmental Levels & Maturity D1-D4

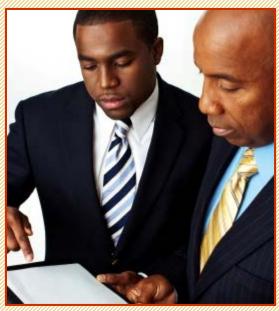


- Enthusiastic Beginner
- Disillusioned Learner
- Reluctant Contributor
- Peak Performer



What are the Outcome Possibilities when Leadership styles are placed with Development Maturity Levels of Staff?







OVERSUPERVISED

MATCH

UNDERSUPERVISED



Situational Leadership Match Chart

D4
Self Directed

STOP! Sever Mismatch

MisMatch

Near Match Proceed with Caution

MATCH!

D3 Involved

MisMatch

Near Match Proceed with Caution

MATCH!

Near Match
Proceed with
Caution

D2 Interested Near Match Proceed with Caution

MATCH!

Near Match Proceed with Caution

MisMatch

D1 Dependent

MATCH!

Near Match Proceed with Caution

MisMatch

STOP! Sever Mismatch

S1 Expert Leadership S2 Motivator Sales Person Leadership

S3 Facilitator Leadership S4 Delegator Leadership



Situational Leadership





Situational Leadership Steps



Step 1 Identify a list of task that promote health & wellness for the employee

Step 2 Create a basic 10-15-question assessment to gain a baseline of the employees knowledge and skill to around the specific task.

Step 3 Use the assessment to determine the development/maturity level of the staff as it relates to the specific task.

Step 4 Match the development level with the appropriate leadership style

Step 5 Create an action plan with task goal, objectives and action steps. Schedule regular meetings to support employees

Step 6 As the employee progresses, transition the leadership style to match any new and emerging developmental levels.

Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs

Self-Actualization

achieving individual potential

Esteem

Self-esteem and esteem from others

Belonging

Love, affection, being a part of groups

Safety

Shelter, removal from danger

Physiological

Health, food, sleep

Self-Actualization:

occurs when a person is able to take full advantage of his or her talents while being mindful of his or her limitations.

GoodTherapy.org



What Can ETR Capacity Building Assistance (CBA) Do For You?

Organizational Development & Management

- Strategic Planning
- Board Development
- Grant Readiness
- Program Collaboration& Service Integration

HIP & High Risk Negatives

- DEBIs and Public Health Strategies
- HIP Program adaptation
- Recruitment & Retention
- Social Marketing

HIP & Prevention With Positives

- DEBIs and Public Health Strategies
- HIP Program adaptation
- Recruitment & Retention
- Social Marketing

Process and Outcome Monitoring and Evaluation



Take Our Post-Webinar Evaluation Survey

http://www.surveygizmo.com/s3/2453284/The-Wellness-Webinar-Black-MSM-Series-Webinar-2-Situational-Leadership

It's short! It will only take a minute or two...



Questions?





Two More Upcoming Webinars!

Talking The Talk Part 1:

Improving Our Work with BMSM high risk negatives. January 27th, 2016

Talking The Talk Part 2:

Improving Our Work BMSM with PLWH. February 24th, 2016



For Additional Information

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Jacqueline Peters, Moderator jacqueline.peters@etr.org

You can find this webinar recording on the CISP Website 24 hours after this presentation!

http://www.etr.org/CISP/webinars/

